into the urethra to provide desired contrasts delineation. For angiocardiography (including aortography) rapidly inject 5 to 10 milliliters directly into heart via catheter the intraventricular puncture. For cerebral angiography rapid injection of 3 to 10 milliliters via carotid artery. For pearteriography and/or venography and selective coronary arteriography rapidly inject 3 to 10 milliliters intravascularly into the vascular be delineated. lymphography slowly inject 1.0 to 10 milliliters directly into the lymph vessel to be delineated. For arthrography slowly inject 1.0 to 5 milliliters directly into the joint to be delineated. For discography slowly inject 0.5 to 1.0 milliliter directly into the disc to be delineated. For sialography slowly inject 0.5 to 1.0 milliliter into the duct to be delineated. For delineation of fistulous tracts slowly inject quantity necessary to fill the tract. For delineation of peritoneal hernias inject 0.5 to 1.0 milliliter per pound of body weight directly into the peritoneal cavity.

(3) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

 $[44\ FR\ 12993,\ Mar.\ 9,\ 1979,\ as\ amended\ at\ 50\ FR\ 41489,\ Oct.\ 11,\ 1985]$ 

## §522.575 Diazepam injection.

- (a) *Specification*. Each milliliter of sterile solution contains 5 milligrams of diazepam.
- (b) Sponsor. See 000004 in \$510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use. Dogs—(1) Indications for use. As a preanesthetic agent to reduce the amount of barbiturate required for short duration anesthesia.
- (2) Dosage. Intravenously, 0.2 milligram per kilogram of body weight 3-5 minutes before anesthesia is to be induced using a short acting barbiturate.
- (3) Limitations. Not for use in dogs with known sensitivity to benzodiazepines. Safety in animals intended for breeding and pregnant animals has not been established. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[58 FR 500, Jan. 6, 1993]

## § 522.650 Dihydrostreptomycin sulfate injection.

- (a) Specifications. Each milliliter contains dihydrostreptomycin sulfate equivalent to 500 milligrams of dihydrostreptomycin.
- (b) *Sponsor*. See Nos. 000069 and 055529 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) National Academy of Sciences/National Research Council (NAS/NRC) status. The conditions of use were NAS/NRC reviewed and found effective. Applications for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by §514.111 of this chapter but may require bioequivalency and safety information.

(d) Conditions of use—(1) Amount. 5 milligrams per pound of body weight every 12 hours.

(2) Indications for use. Treatment of leptospirosis in dogs and horses due to Leptospira canicola, L. icterohemorrhagiae, and L. pomona; in cattle due to L. pomona; and in swine due to L. pomona; and L. grippotyphosa.

(3) Limitations. Administer by deep intramuscular injection only. Treatment should be continued for 3 to 5 days or until the urine is free of leptospira for at least 72 hours as measured by darkfield microscopic examination. Treatment with subtherapeutic dosages, excessive duration of therapy, or inappropriate use of this antibiotic may lead to the emergence of streptomycin or dihydrostreptomycin resistant organisms. Discontinue use 30 days before slaughter for food. Not for use in animals producing milk because use of the drug will contaminate the milk. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[57 FR 37331, Aug. 18, 1992; 57 FR 42623, Sept. 15, 1992]

## § 522.690 Dinoprost tromethamine sterile solution.

- (a) *Specifications.* Each milliliter of sterile solution contains the equivalent of 5 milligrams of dinoprost.
- (b) *Sponsor.* See No. 000009 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Special considerations. Women of child-bearing age, asthmatics, and persons with bronchial and other respiratory problems should exercise extreme caution when handling this product. Dinoprost tromethamine is readily